**Introduction to Computer Systems and Platform Technologies**

Study Period 3, 2021 – CPT160

Assignment 2

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| **Student Name:** | Adam Mutimer |
| **Student Number:** | S3875753 |

Table of Contents

[Part A: System Architecture – 120 Marks 4](#_Toc88508794)

[1. For each of the 8 components labeled A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I and J in the above diagram: 4](#_Toc88508795)

[A. 4](#_Toc88508796)

[B. 4](#_Toc88508797)

[C. 5](#_Toc88508798)

[D. 5](#_Toc88508799)

[E. 5](#_Toc88508800)

[F. 6](#_Toc88508801)

[G. 6](#_Toc88508802)

[H. 6](#_Toc88508803)

[I. 7](#_Toc88508804)

[J. 7](#_Toc88508805)

[2. For each of the following headers or set of pins or internal/external expansion connectors or communications ICs (integrated circuits), Labelled, K, L, M, and N 8](#_Toc88508806)

[K. 8](#_Toc88508807)

[L. 8](#_Toc88508808)

[M. 9](#_Toc88508809)

[N. 9](#_Toc88508810)

[3. As you observe the design of the “Microsoft Surface Laptop” it is quite different to a usual desktop. Please answer the following questions 10](#_Toc88508811)

[i. Describe the type of core architecture of this CPU. You must state the type of processor, the CPU architecture, the number of cores, the number of levels of cache memory. 10](#_Toc88508812)

[ii. The name and structure of the GPU and its number of levels of cache and their size 10](#_Toc88508813)

[Pricing Question 11](#_Toc88508814)

[a) What is the best price approximately) of this motherboard, from Australian computer shops/eBay? 11](#_Toc88508815)

[Part B: Building a Recommended Platform Machine – 78 Marks 12](#_Toc88508816)

[1. Fill out the following table – part model and price – for each of the categories. 12](#_Toc88508817)

[2. Ensure that these main components that you purchase pass the compatibility test via e.g., https://pcpartpicker.com/ 13](#_Toc88508818)

[3. Install an appropriate RAID system explaining the reasons you have bought this configuration. 13](#_Toc88508819)

[4. Install an appropriate cooling system explaining the reasons you bought this configuration 13](#_Toc88508820)

[Part C: Recent Technology – 40 Marks 14](#_Toc88508821)

[1. What are the differences between 3D NAND and 2D NAND memory? 14](#_Toc88508822)

[2. Explain the difference between NVMe and M.2 14](#_Toc88508823)

[3. Give details of purchasing a 1TB NVMe/M.2. Details include the price and its specifications. E.g., read/write speeds. You must also describe the type of flash memory e.g., SLC or MLC, EMLC, TLC, QLC etc. 14](#_Toc88508824)

[4. Give details of purchasing a 1TB SATA/M.2. Details include the price and its specifications. E.g., read/write speeds. You must also describe the type of flash memory e.g., SLC or MLC, EMLC, TLC, QLC etc. 14](#_Toc88508825)

[Part D: Question 4 – Advanced Question (30 Marks) 14](#_Toc88508826)

[a) Explain the concept of virtual memory. Do you worry about if you are going to have enough virtual memory addresses (explain your answer)? Do you worry about if you are going to have enough physical addresses, or is there going to be any concern in terms of performance (explain your answer)? 14](#_Toc88508827)

[b) Assuming a cache miss, a data item is requested with its virtual memory address. Illustrate clearly how the corresponding page is located by using the page table directly. Explain if there are performance issues with the direct use of page table, and how the performance can be improved 14](#_Toc88508828)

[Bibliography – 26 Marks 15](#_Toc88508829)

[Part A) 15](#_Toc88508830)

[Part B) 17](#_Toc88508831)

# Part A: System Architecture – 120 Marks

## For each of the 8 components labeled A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I and J in the above diagram:

From Inspection of the images and vague reference to a “moderner commercial laptop motherboard” for a “Microsoft Surface Laptop” I believe this motherboard/logic board from my personal experience repairing laptops to be for a “Microsoft Surface 2” Model 1769.

This model came in a few revisions in relation to the processor (Intel i5/Intel I7), Ram and SSD Capacity so without an exact part number for this board the following answers cannot be 100% specific in all cases.

As I have both Boardview files and a schematic of this model motherboard part number: M1088058-002, I will be using that to reference any part numbers and component details.

## 

#### What is the name generally given to that component?

The name generally given to this component is CPU or APU, in this case I believe this is a APU (Accelerated Processing Unit) which combines both a CPU and a GPU.

#### What is that component designed for and given details about the component

As previously mentioned, I believe this is an APU which combines both a CPU and a GPU. In this case its designed to perform the roles of both CPU which processes information from application with various instructions and a GPU which allows it to render images on the computers display.

This Model of Surface had the following APU Options:  
Intel Core m3-7Y30 – Intel HD Graphics 615  
Intel Core i5-7200U – Intel UHD Graphics 620  
Intel Core i7-7660U – Intel Iris Plus 640

## 

#### What is the name generally given to that component?

The name generally given to this item is RAM or System Memory

#### What is that component designed for and given details about the component

RAM (Random Access Memory) is a critical part of a computer system as it allows applications to store information for both reading and writing on a short-term basis, depending on the user’s workload higher capacity ram or even faster clocked ram may be required.

In the case of this motherboard, we are looking at 4 DDR3 modules, this model come in two variants’ both an 8GB and 16GB models were available.

## 

#### What is the name generally given to that component?

To the layman this would look simply like any other IC (Integrated circuit). In this case this IC is a TPM (Trusted Platform Module)

#### What is that component designed for and given details about the component

A Trusted Platform Module/TPM is a secure crypto-processor made for the sole purpose of carrying out various cryptographic operations and is used by various operating systems (when enabled and functional) to encrypted users’ data.

For example, a bit locker driver on a system with a TPM enabled cannot easily be copied to another system with or without a TPM as each TPM has a unique key and the new system would be unable to decrypt the data, however Microsoft has several recovery methods that work around this such as using a Microsoft account on the creation of the bit locker drive.

## 

#### What is the name generally given to that component?

These are more integrated circuits; however, these 4 chips are part of the touch screen circuitry for touch and gesture detection and are part of the I/O of this system (Input/Output)

#### What is that component designed for and given details about the component

These components are designed to detect a user touching the touchscreen and converting that user input into binary singles that system will understand.

In this case we have 3x BGA82 surface mount IC’s and a single BGA64 surface mount IC which connect to each other and the 80pin “Sense connector” ribbon cable above on the left of the selected area and the 50 pin “Drive connector” ribbon cable above on the right on the selected area

## 

#### What is the name generally given to that component?

This is generally referred to as an IC. In this case it is a PMIC (power management integrated circuit)

#### What is that component designed for and given details about the component

A PMIC (power management integrated circuit) is designed regulated and manage power output to an upstream circuit or IC. In this case the two PMICs in question are manufactured by Texas Instruments with manufacture part number TPS62085RLTR and cost about $3 when purchased singly.

This PMIC is designed to take a voltage of 2.5v – 6v and output 0.8 – 6v with a max output draw of 3 Amps, This PMIC is part of the SSD power circuit.

## 

#### What is the name generally given to that component?

Electronically Erasable Programmable read-only memory OR EEPROM for short.

#### What is that component designed for and given details about the component

This component is designed to store information or be used as memory by a microcontroller and functions similar to other forms of computer memory however it doesn’t require power source to retain data, these are commonly used to store firmware/software such as a BIOS (basic input/output system).

In the case of this motherboard as its part of the onboard WIFI controller circuitry it most likely contains firmware used by the Wireless + Bluetooth controller.

This particular EEPROM is made by Atmel with a part number of AT24C16D-MAHM-T and is designed to store information for 100 years with a total of 16K of storage space and uses the I2C interface. This chip costs $0.43 if buying a single chip.

## 

#### What is the name generally given to that component?

This is generally referred to as a flash rom or IC Flash

#### What is that component designed for and given details about the component

This component is designed to be used as storage. This particular component on this motherboard is manufactured by WindBond Electronics with a manufacturer part number: W25Q128JVPIQ.

This IC Flash uses NOR Memory 16MB X 8 supporting a total storage capacity of 128MBs and supports the following interface types SPI - Quad I/O (Serial Peripheral Interface – Quad Input/Output), QPI (Intel QuickPath Interconnect), DTR (Dual Transfer Rate). This IC Flash costs $2.77 when purchased individually.

This IC Flash is part of the UEFI (Unified Extensible Firmware Interface) circuitry and is used to store the UEFI bios firmware.

## 

#### What is the name generally given to that component?

I/C Comparator

#### What is that component designed for and given details about the component

This component is designed to two compare two inputs and return a high or low depending if the inputs match or not, commonly found in sensor systems and battery power level detection systems.

This component is manufactured by Texas Instruments – TLV3011.  
This component is part of the Camera Infrared (IR) Circuit and is used to detect IR Errors.

## 

#### What is the name generally given to that component?

Sound Chip / Amp

#### What is that component designed for and given details about the component

This competent is designed to control the audio output to the amplifier circuit.  
  
This component on this motherboard is manufactured by Realtek with manufacturer part number ALC1304.

Unfortunately, I wasn’t able to obtain a datasheet for this chip as Realtek still keep the datasheets under lock and key.

## 

#### What is the name generally given to that component?

Sound Chip / DAC

#### What is that component designed for and given details about the component

This component is designed to convert digital signals to analog signals that we can hear via speakers, they can also convert analog signals to digital signals this is done when using a microphone.

This component on this motherboard is manufactured by Realtek with manufacturer part number ALC3269C-GRT.

Unfortunately, I wasn’t able to obtain a datasheet for this chip as Realtek still keep the datasheets under lock and key.

## For each of the following headers or set of pins or internal/external expansion connectors or communications ICs (integrated circuits), Labelled, K, L, M, and N

## 

#### What is the name generally given to that component?

IC SSD

#### Give a typical example of what might connect to it or what communication is provided

The chip located at K position is an M.2 SSD Manufactured by SK Hynix – Part Number: HFB1M8MO331A0MR

#### What standard(s) are supported by that connector/IC? Provide details where relevant or appropriate, such as the versions(s) of standards supported, and their maximum bandwidth if relevant

PCIe Gen3  
Sequential Read: up to 1500MB/s  
Sequential Write: up to 780MB/s  
Supports 128KB and 4K Alignment  
Capacity: 256GB

## 

#### What is the name generally given to that component?

WIFI SoC

#### Give a typical example of what might connect to it or what communication is provided

Allows connection to wireless networks and also allows connections to Bluetooth devices

#### What standard(s) are supported by that connector/IC? Provide details where relevant or appropriate, such as the versions(s) of standards supported, and their maximum bandwidth if relevant

This SoC is manufactured by NXP, manufacturer part number 88W8897 and is target at mobile computing and high-definition multimedia applications.  
Dual Band (2.4/5Ghz)   
IEEE® 802.11a/b/g/n/ac  
Bluetooth 5 + EDR/BDR/high-speed/low-energy dual-mode controller  
MIMO (Multiple Input Multiple Output)  
WIFI Certified Miracast  
802.11e Quality of Service (QoS)  
Dynamic rapid channel switching (DRCS)  
  
**Generic Interfaces include:**   
High-speed inter-chip (HSIC)  
USB 2.0,   
SDIO 3.0  
low-power PCI Express  
High-speed UART  
PCM interfaces for connecting WLAN and Bluetooth to the host processor

## 

#### What is the name generally given to that component?

mDP (Mini Display Port)

#### Give a typical example of what might connect to it or what communication is provided

mDP to HDMI adapter  
mDP to DP adapter  
LCD Monitor  
Television  
Projector

#### What standard(s) are supported by that connector/IC? Provide details where relevant or appropriate, such as the versions(s) of standards supported, and their maximum bandwidth if relevant

DisplayPort 1.2  
Resolutions up to 4096×2160 (4K)  
Supports VGA, DVI and HDMI with adapters  
Supports Audio output

## 

#### What is the name generally given to that component?

USB Port (USB 3.0 Type A)

#### Give a typical example of what might connect to it or what communication is provided

Portable hard-drives, flash drives, printers, scanners, keyboard, mobile phones are all able to connect via the Universal Serial Bus (USB)

#### What standard(s) are supported by that connector/IC? Provide details where relevant or appropriate, such as the versions(s) of standards supported, and their maximum bandwidth if relevant

Transfer Speeds up to 5Gbit/s  
Backwards compatible with USB 2.0  
900 mA Max Current

## As you observe the design of the “Microsoft Surface Laptop” it is quite different to a usual desktop. Please answer the following questions

### Describe the type of core architecture of this CPU. You must state the type of processor, the CPU architecture, the number of cores, the number of levels of cache memory.

The Intel CPUs used in the “Microsoft Surface Laptop” are CISC architecture based as they contain a large amount of complex instruction sets that differ from each other but have specialised tasks that they are intended to be used for.

The processor options for this model belong to Intel’s 7th Generation of “I” Series Processors. The 7th Generation code name was “Kaby Lake”

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Processor** | **Base / Turbo (Ghz)** | **Core / Threads** | **Levels of Cache Memory** |
| Intel Core m3-7Y30 | 1.00Ghz / 2.60Ghz | 2C / 4T | 3 |
| Intel Core i5-7200U | 2.50Ghz / 3.10Ghz | 2C /4T | 3 |
| Intel Core i7-7660U | 2.50Ghz / 4.00Ghz | 2C / 4T | 3 |

It is important to make note that these CPUs are actually APU’s (Advanced Processing Unit) as they chip contains both a CPU and a GPU on the same processor package, meaning a dedicated graphics card is not required.

### The name and structure of the GPU and its number of levels of cache and their size

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Processor** | **Graphics** |
|  |  |
| Intel Core m3-7Y30 | Intel HD Graphics 615 |
| Intel Core i5-7200U | Intel UHD Graphics 620 |
| Intel Core i7-7660U | Intel Iris Plus Graphics 640 |

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **GPU** | **Execution Units @ Clock** | **Cache Levels** | **Cache Size** |
| Intel HD Graphics 615 | 24 @ 1.05Ghz | 0 | 0 |
| Intel UHD Graphics 620 | 24@ 1.05Ghz | 0 | 0 |
| Intel Iris Plus Graphics 640 | 48 @ 1.05Ghz | 0 | 0 |

All three of these GPUs do not have dedicated memory or cache as they are “intergraded graphics units” they do however share the Level 3 cache with the CPU that they are accompanied with and require “system memory”, they can access system memory via the CPU interface with a 2x 64bit memory bus width.

## Pricing Question

### What is the best price approximately) of this motherboard, from Australian computer shops/eBay?

The following mainboard options can be found on eBay:  
i5 – 7200U, 4GB RAM, 128GB SSD - $219 inclusive of postage and handling  
i5 – 7200U, 8GB RAM, 256GB SSD - $365 inclusive of postage and handling

# Part B: Building a Recommended Platform Machine – 78 Marks

## Fill out the following table – part model and price – for each of the categories.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Parts** | **Model** | **Cost** | **Link** |
| **Motherboard** | Asus PRIME X570-PRO/CSM AM4 | $372.90 | <https://www.compuworld.com.au/product/asus-prime-x570-pro-csm-am4-motherboard> |
| **CPU** | AMD Ryzen 9 5950X 16 Core 3.4GHz | $1,067.00 | <https://www.compuworld.com.au/product/amd-ryzen-9-5950x-16-core-3-4-ghz-cpu-100-100000059wof> |
| **Memory** | Corsair CMK32GX4M2B3200C16 32G (2x16G) D4-3200 Vengeance | $214.50 | <https://www.compuworld.com.au/product/corsair-corsair-vengeance-lpx-32gb-2x16gb-ddr4-dram-dimm-3200mhz-unbuffered-16-18-18-36-black-heat-spreader-1-35v-xmp-2-0> |
| **Storage** | Samsung 1TB 980 Pro MZ-V8P1T0BW M.2 SSD 7000R/5000W PCIe 4.0 | $264.00 | <https://www.compuworld.com.au/product/samsung-1tb-980-pro-mz-v8p1t0bw-m-2-ssd-7000r-5000w-pcie-4-0> |
| **Graphics** | Asus TUF-RX6900XT-O16G-GAMING RX6900XT OC | $2269.00 | <https://www.compuworld.com.au/product/asus-tuf-rx6900xt-o16g-gaming-rx6900xt-oc-video-card> |
| **Display** | AOC C27G2 27" Curve Gaming monitor FHD 165Hz 1ms FreeSync | $346.50 | <https://www.compuworld.com.au/product/aoc-c27g2-27-gaming-monitor-fhd-165hz-1ms-freesync> |
| **Power** | Corsair RM850X CP-9020180-AU 80+ Gold modular PSU | $216.70 | <https://www.compuworld.com.au/product/corsair-corsair-rmx-series-rm850x-80-plus-gold-fully-modular-atx-power-supply> |
| **CPU Cooler** | Corsair H150i Pro RGB water cooling CW-9060031-WW | $261.80 | <https://www.compuworld.com.au/product/corsair-h150i-pro-rgb-water-cooling-cw-9060031-ww-1> |
| **Case** | Corsair Obsidian 500D RGB SE ATX | $399.30 | <https://www.compuworld.com.au/product/corsair-corsair-obsidian-series-500d-rgb-se-premium-mid-tower-case> |
| **Total Cost** | **$5,411.70** | | |

## Ensure that these main components that you purchase pass the compatibility test via e.g., <https://pcpartpicker.com/>

The main components passed the test on “pcpartpick.com” with one warning that I completely expected.

1. “The Asus PRIME X570-P/CSM ATX AM4 Motherboard supports the AMD Ryzen 9 5950X 3.4 GHz 16-Core Processor with BIOS version 2606. If the motherboard is using an older BIOS version, upgrading the BIOS will be necessary to support the CPU.”

My link for my “pcpartspicker.com” build: <https://pcpartpicker.com/list/z7wgDc>

## Install an appropriate RAID system explaining the reasons you have bought this configuration.

Honestly, for a gaming system with the chosen storage device RAID would be pointless due to the speeds available on the chose storage device 7,000 MB/s Read and 5,000 MB/s Write.

However, if we had other data on the system such as personal photos, videos etc. I would add 3x 2.5” 4TB Hard Drives in a RAID-5 configuration. This would allow for a single disk failure and give the system 8TB of “spinning rust” storage with the added benefit of 2x the read speed of a conventional mechanical drive, however there would be no write speed gains.

The user should still be using the 3-2-1 Backup Rule to protect important information as RAID is NOT a backup:  
<https://www.backblaze.com/blog/the-3-2-1-backup-strategy/>

## Install an appropriate cooling system explaining the reasons you bought this configuration

I selected the “Corsair H150i Pro RGB” All in one water cooler due to the core count on the AMD Ryzen 9 5950x processor (16 Core / 32 Threads) @ 3.4Ghz Base and 4.9GHz Turbo. During heavy workloads, keeping the CPU cool enough to sustain the boost clock rate is important, otherwise performance of the system will be hindered when the CPU begins to thermal throttle.

The other reason for such a large water-cooling system is that this CPU is unlocked for overclocking, which allows us to tweak power and various other settings to push the CPU even harder. Which in turn will generally create more heat that needs to be drawn away from the CPU.

Using a smaller water-cooling setup would probably be fine however, we would run in to “heat saturation issues” with the cooler a lot faster while overclocking.

At a low 25DB at full throttle this cooling system will still be quitter than a lot of fan only cooling systems, and for the most part will be mostly idle.

# Part C: Recent Technology – 40 Marks

## What are the differences between 3D NAND and 2D NAND memory?

## Explain the difference between NVMe and M.2

## Give details of purchasing a 1TB NVMe/M.2. Details include the price and its specifications. E.g., read/write speeds. You must also describe the type of flash memory e.g., SLC or MLC, EMLC, TLC, QLC etc.

## Give details of purchasing a 1TB SATA/M.2. Details include the price and its specifications. E.g., read/write speeds. You must also describe the type of flash memory e.g., SLC or MLC, EMLC, TLC, QLC etc.

# Part D: Question 4 – Advanced Question (30 Marks)

## Explain the concept of virtual memory. Do you worry about if you are going to have enough virtual memory addresses (explain your answer)? Do you worry about if you are going to have enough physical addresses, or is there going to be any concern in terms of performance (explain your answer)?

## Assuming a cache miss, a data item is requested with its virtual memory address. Illustrate clearly how the corresponding page is located by using the page table directly. Explain if there are performance issues with the direct use of page table, and how the performance can be improved

# Bibliography – 26 Marks

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